POST Published daily except on Saturday by The Palestine Post Ltd. Printed in 1952 by GERSHON AGRON
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Annual Subscription IL 57.
Single Copy 27 Agora.

Develop Israel with Israel Bonds

THE JERUSALEM POST

TUESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1960. 7 Elul, 5720. 9 Rabi'ul-Awal, 1380. Vol. XXXVI, No. 9918*

NOBLESSE FILTER 100% 20 CIGARETTES 80

Premier Majali of Jordan, 10 More Die In Bomb Blast; Talhouni Heads New Gov't

AMMAN UNDER CURFEW

Premier Hazza'a Majali of Jordan was assassinated yesterday, and Bahjat Talhouni, Chief of the Royal Cabinet and former Interior Minister and Chief Judge of the Jordan Appeals Court, was named to succeed him.

Majali and 10 other persons died and 24 were injured in two bomb explosions, it was reported from Amman.

Amman, under curfew until 7 a.m., was reported calm.

All Jordan airports were ordered closed to arriving and departing aircraft.

Flags on all public buildings in Jordan will be flown at half-mast today.

The first explosions occurred in Majali's office in the heavily guarded white stone Foreign Ministry building at 11.30 a.m., the Amman reports said.

It was followed 20 minutes later by a second blast in the Press and Publicity Department, which is in the same block.

Majali and a Foreign Under-Secretary, believed to be Zaha Mahmoud, were buried under the debris, along with a number of other government officials including the Director of the Press Department.



Hazza'a Majali

Ambulances screamed through the streets, taking the injured to hospital.

Emergency Session

An emergency Cabinet meeting called at the Royal Palace by King Hussein after the explosion, to name a new Cabinet, was attended by General Habes Majali, Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces and a cousin of the dead Premier, and by the Director-General of Security. A commission of enquiry has been set up to inquire into the bomb incidents.

Last March, Government authorities in Amman announced that security police had uncovered a plot to assassinate Majali along with Nasser Ben Jami, an uncle of King Hussein. The announcement had also disclosed that a number of persons who had arrived from the United Arab Republic by way of Lebanon had been arrested in the plot.

Abdul Nasser has called Majali a British puppet.

Majali, who was 44, leaves a wife and three children — two boys aged 13 and seven and a year-old daughter.

He had twice been Prime Minister of Jordan. The first time he held office was for a week in 1956, when Field Marshal (then General) Sir Gerald Templer visited Jordan and tried to persuade Jordan to join the Baghdad Pact.

Served Parliament

He had also been a Minister several times and served many times in Parliament. He was relieved of his post as Minister of Agriculture in 1961, became one of the Ministers of the short-lived union of Jordan and Iraq in 1958 and was appointed Royal Court Minister in August of that year.

His second appointment as Prime Minister came in May of last year, when the veteran politician, Samir Rifai, resigned on health grounds.

Amman Radio interrupted its regular broadcast at 2.17 p.m. to announce Majali's death, describing him as a martyr but giving no details.

Both Amman and Ramallah Radios were silent until 9 p.m., except for occasional mourning announcements and readings of passages from the Koran.

Following a nine o'clock broadcast of official communiques giving details of the incident and political commentary, the Koran readings were resumed.

IT is perhaps too early to know whether yesterday's time-bomb explosion in Amman, which claimed the life of Jordan's Prime Minister Hazza'a al-Majali and ten others, will have any far-reaching political repercussions. That the incident was not an isolated one is clear from the fact that two other explosions occurred at the same time in other offices. Latest reports from Amman, however, indicate that the government has the situation firmly in hand, and is determined to maintain a strong grip on affairs.

POLITICAL MURDER

In this, King Hussein does not stand alone. He has the support of the Army, or at least the greater part of it, and the unquestioned loyalty of General Habis al-Majali, Chief of Staff and the late Prime Minister's cousin. Without this support, yesterday's events could conceivably have led to a change of regime.

For that seems to be exactly what was planned. It is difficult to imagine that Majali's assassination was meant to be an isolated incident, or that its perpetrators aimed simply at getting rid of the Prime Minister. Plots against the present Jordanian regime, clearly and sometimes openly engineered outside Jordan territory, date back to the days before Majali assumed the premiership in May of last year. One of these plots was unearthed last March, when a group of men coming from the United Arab Republic were apprehended and accused of planning to assassinate Majali and other Jordanian leaders, including Sherif Nasser, the King's uncle. Last month a number of Jordanians coming from the Syrian region were arrested and admitted that they were sent by Syrian Intelligence to carry out acts of sabotage and political murder.

It is these plots, that were foiled, that give one a clue to yesterday's murder, and thus naturally attention is focussed on Cairo, whose radio has continuously beamed incitement against Hussein and Majali for the past six months. Cairo's past record in this field is quite impressive: hardly an Arab country has managed to escape its wrath. At one time or another Iraq, Tunisia, Libya, Saudi Arabia, the Sudan, Lebanon, and Moroceo, were the victims, intended or actual, of Cairo's murderous designs since Abdul Nasser, sometime in 1954, decided to impose his will on the Arab world "from the Atlantic to the Persian gulf." More recently he turned his attention on Teheran, but without any noticable success. So now, he has apparently lowered his sights once more on a fellow member of the Arab League, whose members had agreed to respect each other's independence and sovereignty.

It will be recalled that this principle of the Arab League Pact was incorporated in the Resolution adopted by the Special Assembly of the United Nations that was convened in emergency session exactly two years ago to deal with the Middle East. At Resolution called for non-interference by U.N. member nations in each other's internal affairs and asked them "to ensure that their conduct by word and deed conforms to these principles." To carry it out, the Secretary-General flew immediately to Amman and by agreement with the Jordan Government established a "form of U.N. Presence" there charged with supporting "the policies of cooperation and mutual respect to which all the Arab States cosponsoring the Resolution pledged themselves." One may well ask why this "U.N. Presence" has been so silent in the past months, while Nasser's propaganda machine has been going full blast in flagrant violation of this unanimous resolution of the U.N. Assembly. While it may be too much to expect the U.N. to produce solutions to such problems as are posed by the various forms of Nasser's aggression from time to time, in this case it appears to have failed in the special task with which it was charged, that of holding a watching brief.

It is highly — if sordidly — ironical that Majali's murder should have occurred only a day after the Foreign Ministers of nine Arab countries, meeting in the Lebanon, called on their governments to abstain from waging propaganda campaigns against each other. To be sure, the propaganda campaigns were duly stopped, at least for the duration of the conference. But yesterday's bomb explosion has come as a reminder that Cairo can, and does, wage other kinds of campaigns.

Congolese Troops Fan Out in Kasai

LEOPOLDVILLE.—Ten soldiers of Congolese Premier Patrice Lumumba's army were seriously wounded in a clash with the forces of Premier Albert Kalonji of the mining state of Kasai, according to reports reaching here yesterday.

Mr. Lumumba's troops were reported to have fanned out in small detachments across the huge area of southern Kasai, the longest push being to Sentery in the east. This neighbours on the north of the secessionist province of Katanga and the town of Congolo, where many Congolese are pro-Lumumba.

Belgian officials said they feared that any success for M. Lumumba there would bring the local population up in arms in his support.

Katanga has virtually sealed off its northern borders against the threat of several hundred Lumumba troops, who are said to be led by white officers in Kasai. Some reports claimed they are three Belgians, formerly with the Force Publique. So far there has been no fighting between the two opposing sides on the border.

Fighting was said to have broken out on Sunday in Kasai at Luputa, near the Katanga border, between Lumumba troops and former Force Publique soldiers.

New Incidents

Meanwhile, new incidents between Congolese and U.N. officials were reported from Banningville, about 250 kms. north-east of here. Two Swedes, one Liberian and one Australian were reported arrested by the Congolese Army.

Dr. Ralph Bunche, head of the U.N. Mission, said the eight American airmen and two Canadians attacked by Congolese at Stanleyville Airport on Saturday "had the hell beaten out of them and were lucky to be alive."

Dr. Bunche told a news conference. "I have never been anywhere where misunderstanding was so deep. I don't think there has ever been an operation with more demand on every individual for patience, restraint and endurance."

Bunche Returning

Dr. Bunche, Under-Secretary of the U.N., is flying back to New York today. He has been in the Congo since June 20. He will be replaced as head of the U.N. Congo operation by Rajeshawar Dayal of India. Pending Mr. Dayal's arrival, Andrew Cordier, Executive Asistant to Secretary-General Hapmarskjold, will be in charge.

The commander of the Belgian troops in Katanga, Gen. Roger Gheysen, yesterday flew out of the Belgian military base of Kamina to the mandated territories of Ruanda-Urundi. The last Belgian troops will be out of Katanga by tonight. Only civilian technicians will remain at Kamina.

Meanwhile, the Congolese Senate yesterday voted to ask that U.N. troops intervene in the Congo's internal strife. The vote, in the form of a resolution, was approved unanimously by 33 Senators. The resolution read twice before the vote by Senate President Joseph Ileo, said U.N. troops should "interfere, if necessary, in internal conflicts to maintain peace."

Laos King Backs Rebel-Picked PM

LUANG PRABANG, Laos (AP). — The 26-day-old constitutional crisis, born of an Army coup, was resolved by the King on Monday. He endorsed the choice of the rebels by asking Prince Souvanna Phouma to become Premier.

King Savang Vathana acted after the rival leaders met in this royal capital for peace talks, followed by a session of the National Assembly.

Souvanna came here from the rebel stronghold at Vientiane with 34 deputies; his rival, Gen. Phoumi Nosavan, arrived from Savannakhet earlier with 22 deputies. It was at Vientiane that paratroop Capt. Kong Le engineered the coup last August 9.

Officials here said Souvanna is likely to present a new Cabinet to the National Assembly today. The complicated constitutional manoeuvres untangled the situation in which Souvanna, who was appointed by King two weeks ago to form the Cabinet, could not operate because the King did not sign Authorization papers.

Guinean Minister To Sudan Republic

BAMAKO, Sudan Republic (Reuter). — M. Keita Fodeba, the Guinean Defence Minister, arrived here yesterday on board an Ilyushin airliner flying the Mali colours. He was met by M. M. Keita, Sudanese Minister of Interior.

Official sources said that M. Fodeba's visit should not be taken to have any political significance.

The Sudanese Legislative Assembly was due to meet last night to hear a Government statement on the events of the last 10 days.

The Sudan, sole member of the federation following Senegal's secession, regards Mali as still in being.

Observers thought that M. Modibo Keita, the Sudanese Premier, would probably today fix the date of his journey to Paris in response to Gen. de Gaulle's invitation.

Congolese Cadets For Sandhurst

LONDON (Reuter). — The British Government has agreed to train Congolese Army cadets at Sandhurst Military Academy, it was reported here yesterday.

The first group is expected to arrive next month and would take a course in English before beginning military training, the "Daily Telegraph" said.

The idea was suggested to the British Embassy in Leopoldville.

A War-Office spokesman said the Government is considering a request from the Congo for a group of Congolese officers to come here for military training.

Mrs. Meir to Head Delegation to Nigeria

POST Political Reporter

Foreign Minister Golda Meir is to head the Israel delegation to Nigeria's Independence Day celebrations on October 1. The other members of the Israel delegation are Mr. Nataniel Lorch, Director of the Foreign Ministry's African Division, Mr. Hanan Yavor, Israel Ambassador-designate to Nigeria, and Mr. Shlomo Argov, the Israel Consul-General in Lagos.

With a population of almost 40 million, Nigeria is to be the largest state in Africa and is to become a member of the British Commonwealth.

The Israel delegation is to arrive in Lagos before September 28, the day on which the independence celebrations are to commence, but will not be able to participate at the main ceremony on October 1, as this is the day on which Yom Kippur falls. Mrs. Meir will afterwards go directly from Lagos to New York to head the Israel delegation to the U.N. Assembly session.

USSR Claims Spy Flights Resumed

London, (AP). — The Russians claimed on Monday that spy flights against Communist countries had been resumed from bases in Britain.

Moscow Radio quoted a report in the Soviet Government newspaper "Izvestia" saying: "Reconnaissance flights for the purpose of collecting espionage information in countries of the Socialist camp have been resumed from bases in Britain."

63 Killed in Air Crash Off Dakar

DAKAR (AP). — An Air France Super-Constellation airliner, circling low before landing, plunged into the sea on Monday and sank in 60 feet of water, apparently carrying all 63 persons aboard to their deaths.

Thirty bodies were brought to Dakar in the afternoon and rescuers held out no hope of survivors.

Search craft and helicopters scoured the sea where the plane lay on the sandy bottom, but found nothing except two life rafts which had apparently popped out of the plane which crashed a mile from Dakar.

The airfield had followed the course of the plane as it wheeled into the landing pattern. The radar track followed it down into the sea. The plane had made two unsuccessful landing approaches and was circling for a third when it went down.

The plane was on a flight from Paris to Abidjan, Ivory Coast, with a stop at Dakar.

Air France later issued the passenger list, but without details of addresses or nationality. (At Lydda Airport, it was learned there were no Israelis on the plane).

Khrushchev To Visit Finland Next Friday

OSLO (AP). — Premier Khrushchev will visit Finland from next Friday to Sunday, Finnish Foreign Minister Rolf Toerngren said here on Monday.

The Finnish Foreign Ministry announced in Helsinki on Sunday night that the Soviet Premier would be present at the 60th birthday of President Uhro Kekkonen on Saturday.

Mr. Toerngren said the visit had come as a surprise.

Damascus Murderers' Haven

The political commentator of Amman Radio last night warned that "Damascus can no longer remain a haven for murderers" who operate in Jordan.

The commentator blasted those criminals who in the past "have fled to Damascus after dozens of innocent Jordanians have been killed."

Pointing out that those who fell yesterday now join the list of persons "murdered in Baghdad," he declared that Jordan can no longer remain silent because the situation has reached its climax.

The commentator added that "only yesterday at Shtura" the Arab Foreign Ministers conferences decided to make peace between Arabs while the "evil hand of the criminal appeared today."

'Spilling of Blood'

King Hussein last night told his people in a broadcast that the "spilling of blood by criminal hands" would only make the country stronger.

All of those who died yesterday, he said, now join the "caravan of martyrs." But he stressed that Jordan will continue to tread the same path as before until she has achieved the aims of the Arab nations "even though we all die in this mission."

The Jordan monarch told the new Cabinet headed by Bahjat Talhouni to take steps to secure peace and tranquillity in the country "with an iron hand," and to bear down heavily on those violating the law.

On relations with other Arab countries, Hussein told the new Premier to preserve good relations with them all, but to be firm with "those who make trade with the interests of their people."

Peres: Living In 'Dangerous Era'

Jerusalem Post Staff

TEL AVIV. — Deputy Defence Minister Shimon Peres said yesterday that the Amman incident "has brought back to us the fact that we live in a dangerous era."

There will probably be more explosive situations than we would like, the "Palestine issue" serving as pretext, he said. Mr. Peres was speaking at a closed meeting of the Mapai Young Generation group at the Yahdav Club, in the second of the series of discussion meetings which the group started a week ago.

Israel's main targets during the next ten years, Mr. Peres said, would be: to increase the population by two or three million; eradicate distinctions between classes and communities; achieve economic and financial independence; maintain the strength of the army; conquer the deserts; and raise the nation to the status of a giver not a taker.

The problem for this generation is "not to know what we want to be, but what we want to do," he added.

Mandelbaum Gate

In Jerusalem, the Mandelbaum Gate police prepared to receive foreign subjects living in Jordan who might request admission to Israel until the situation in Jordan had become stable.

Itim reports from Nazareth that the news of Majali's assassination was received joyously by some segments of the populace. Dozens of persons were seen congratulating each other as the news came over the radio in public places. (Nazareth is a centre of pro-Nasser sentiment in Israel.)

Emmami Appointed Persian Premier

TEHERAN. — The Shah on Monday appointed Dr. Sharif Emmami, the Minister of Mining and Industry, as Prime Minister to succeed Dr. Manuchehr Eghbal. It was officially announced here.

Earlier, the Shah accepted Dr. Eghbal's resignation, which was submitted because of criticism by the Shah of the handling of this month's general election.

Dr. Eghbal, who became Prime Minister in April, 1957, read to the Cabinet the letter of resignation he sent to the Shah on Sunday, and said he was quitting to give the ruler a free hand to deal with elections.

The Shah said at a press conference last Saturday existing laws did not permit him to annul the elections, but added that he was "prepared to exceed the limits of the law" if the people really wanted it.

The press conference marked the climax of violent opposition attacks on the nationalist Premier's policy in the elections, during which 200 persons were injured when troops fired on opposition supporters who attacked a polling station.

The opposition Mardom Party and independent candidates and their supporters have launched an all-out campaign to secure annulment of the election, which is still continuing in Teheran.

The leader of the Mardom Party, Assadollah Alam, said all 47 Mardom candidates elected so far would resign to facilitate annulment of the election. Dr. Eghbal's Melliyoun Party has won 104 provincial seats.

Top government and palace officials believe an impartial caretaker Government should assume power during the new election so that no influence would be exerted from a ruling party.

OAS Ministers Ready To Sign 'Declaration'

SAN JOSE (Reuter). — The Foreign Ministers of American states prepared last night for the formal signing of a resolution condemning outside intervention in this hemisphere — despite a rowdy walkout by the Cuban delegation.

The Ministers, attending the conference of the Organization of American States Sunday night formally approved the resolution, which specially named the "Sino-Soviet powers."

The Cubans left the conference room chanting "Cubans — yes, Yankees — no," and "Down with imperialism." Foreign Minister Raul Roa of Cuba had described one of the articles in the resolution as being aimed directly against Cuba's destiny and survival.

Eichmann's Son Shoots at Newsmen

BUENOS AIRES (AFP). — Tito Eichmann, the son of Adolf Eichmann, yesterday fired two rifle shots at an automobile containing correspondents of the French news agency, AFP, which had parked about 100 metres from his home in the San Fernando suburb of Buenos Aires. No one was hit.

Young Eichmann was seen standing outside his home with several members of his family, and waving his hands excitedly and shouting abusive remarks in German towards the occupants of the car before raising the rifle to fire.

CABINET LIST

The new Cabinet sworn in at the Royal Palace in Amman last night is as follows:

Premier — Bahjat Talhouni.

Education — Sheikh Mohammed Amin Shankiti (incumbent).

Foreign — Musa Nasser (incumbent).

Defence — Abed Fatah (incumbent).

Justice — Sheikh Mohammed Ali Jabari.

Communications — Anwar Nashashibi (incumbent).

Agriculture — Wasfi Mirza (incumbent).

Health — Dr. Jamil Tutunji (incumbent).

Finance — Hashem Yayussi.

Development — Yacoub Muamer (incumbent).

National Economy — Rafik Hussein.

Iraq Hits 'Abusive' UAR Radio Attacks

BAGHDAD (Reuter). — Iraq has accused the UAR of increasing "abusive radio attacks" on her, especially since the Arab Foreign Ministers conference started in the Lebanon a week ago.

Quoting a "responsible source," Baghdad Radio said that some UAR broadcasts from Damascus and other centres had for a long time been attacking Iraq with the help of a band of Iraqi traitors "who fled after plots against Iraq."

The radio said the attacks did not harm Iraq, but were aimed at disrupting Arab ranks, obstructing Arab liberation and solidarity, and serving "imperialism and its stooge, Israel."

India Wants Oil Still Cheaper

NEW DELHI (Reuter). — India's Minister of State for Mines and Fuels, Mr. K. D. Malaviya, said yesterday that the Indian Government was "not satisfied" with price cuts made by Western oil companies.

Winding up a debate in the Lok Sabha (Lower House,) the Minister urged British and American oil companies operating in India to reconsider the situation in the light of present conditions.

He said that price cuts by these companies of about 12.5 per cent, made last month, in effect were reduced to about 7.5 per cent when the basic posted price of Persian Gulf oil was decreased in mid-August.

Mr. Malaviya claimed that Western companies reduced their prices only when the Soviet Union offered to sell India crude oil at "a little more attractive" rates.

Mr. Malaviya said it seemed that the current world oil glut would continue and India's efforts would be aimed at "getting the cheapest oil possible."

He urged the oil companies to "think again" and revise their views on "tied" refineries.

Indian Communist M.P. Gets Life Term

CALCUTTA (Reuter). — A Communist member of Parliament was sentenced to life imprisonment yesterday for conspiracy to commit rioting, murder, and arson.

The prosecution alleged that Kansari Haidar and other Communist leaders in West Bengal had wanted to establish Communist rule.

Dag's Special Envoy to Amman

Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, U.N. Secretary-General, yesterday in New York ordered his special emissary to Jordan, Mr. Pier Spinelli, to return to his post following the death of the Jordanian Premier, Hazza'a Majali.

Mr. Spinelli, who was appointed as the U.N. "presence" in Amman after the 1958 Jordan-Lebanon crises, was understood to have been on temporary assignment in the Republic of Togo.

Mr. Hammarskjold called on the Jordan envoy and they remained in conference for about two hours. There was no word from either side as to the substance of the conversation.

Express Shock

Officials in the capitals of the West expressed shock at hearing of the Amman bomb blast which killed the Jordan Premier and ten others, but refrained from comment pending further details.

Our Paris correspondent writes:

The Amman bombing was the frontpage lead story in the last edition of "Le Monde" which also published an editorial imputing the terrorist attack to pro-Nasser elements.

According to the paper, Nasser, disappointed by the Arab League meeting at Shtura which "deepened rather than smoothed out the basic differences on the Palestine question," may have seen fit to resort to "direct action" against the Hussein regime.

Cairo: Warning To Zionism

Cairo Radio and Voice of the Arabs led off all their news broadcasts yesterday with reports of the incident.

The Voice of the Arabs in its political commentary said that "the report from Amman indicates that the agents of imperialism and Zionism cannot live long if they oppose the overwhelming will of the people."

This incident is of great importance for Palestine, it was said, coming as it does directly after the Arab League decision in Shtura on "the recreation of the Palestine entity, notwithstanding Jordan's negative attitude."

AFTER MIDNIGHT

The 29-nation Afro-Asian group at the U.N. last night referred to member governments the proposal of the "Algerian Provisional Government" for a U.N. supervised plebiscite in Algeria.

First Olympic Gold Medals Won by Russia, 3, and U.S. 1

ROME (Reuter).—The two Olympic giants, the Soviet Union and the U.S., yesterday got down to the serious business of winning gold medals—three going to Russia one to America.

Russia's medals came in the canoeing finals, seven of which were held at Lake Albano in the afternoon. The U.S. opened its gold medal account when two Americans fought a long duel for supremacy in the men's springboard diving.

Yesterday's gold medals were the first for both countries, and each also claimed a silver medal.

Other gold medals went to Germany, Hungary, Denmark and Sweden. Of the other silver medals, three went to Hungary, two to Germany, and one to Italy.

In the bronze medal division, Hungary won two, Poland two, and Rumania, Denmark, Sweden and Mexico one each.

Russia's victories brought her level with Italy at the top of the gold medal table. They were gained by their men's Canadian doubles canoeing team, their women's kayak doubles team, and their woman canoeist, Antonia Seredina. Miss Seredina came up from behind in the last few metres to beat the 28-year-old German girl, Therese Zenz, in the 500-metre kayak singles.

The 26-year-old Dane, Eric Hansen, an international "unknown," crossed the line ahead of Hungary's Imre Szoelloesi and the Swedish veteran, Gert Frederiksson, in the men's 1,000-metre kayak singles.

Later Frederiksson teamed with his countryman, Sven Sjodelius, to win the men's kayak doubles after a stirring fight with the Hungarian pair. Frederiksson has now won seven medals, six of them gold, in four Olympics.

Hungary's gold medal came in the men's 1,000-metres Canadian singles, which S. J. Partl won by inches after a long duel with the Russian, A. Silaev.

Germany won its gold medal in the men's kayak relay, the last event on the programme at Lake Albano.

An artistic display of diving gave Gary Tobian, a 25-year-old Californian, America's first god medal. He was successful after a two-day battle with fellow American, Sam Hall, who was favoured to win the event and who led after seven of the 10 dives had been completed on Saturday.

The Olympic record for the 100-metres women's butterfly was broken twice and equalled once during today's heats to decide the eight girls who will contest the final of the event today.

The fastest time went to the American, Carolyn Schuler, a 17-year-old student, who swam a dashing 69.8 secs. — 1.2 seconds better than the old Olympic record and only 0.7 sec. outside the world record. The Australian girl, Janice Andrew, who was second to Miss Schuler, also smashed the Olympic record with a time of 70.3 secs.

RAV KOOK PRIZES AWARDED

TEL AVIV. — The Tel Aviv Municipality last night marked the 25th anniversary of the death of Rabbi Avraham Yitshak Hacohen Kook by distributing the 16th annual Kook Prizes for Torah Literature.

In a ceremony at Z.O.A. House, Deputy Mayor Avraham Boyar handed the prizes to Rabbi Avraham Ya'acov Neumark, for his ten-volume work, "Eshel Avraham;" Rabbi Zvi Shapira, for his "Zivyon Ha'amudim;" Prof. Samuel K. Mirsky, of Yeshiva University, New York, for his "She'iltot d'Rav Ahai Gaon," and Mr. Yehuda Leib Girsht, for his "Tahanot Besifrut Yisrael."

The Ashkenazi Chief Rabbi of Jerusalem, Rabbi Zvi Pesach Frank, was cited for his life's work. Rabbi Frank could not be present, because of failing health, and his son came to receive the citation and to deliver a letter of greeting to the Municipality.

The Ashkenazi Chief Rabbi of Tel Aviv, Rabbi Isser Yehuda Unterman, spoke on the career and teachings of Rabbi Kook. Prof. Mirsky addressed the gathering on the link between the land of Israel and Diaspora Jewry in Rabbi Kook's teachings. *(Itim)*

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Social & Personal

President Ben-Zvi yesterday received the Minister of Social Welfare, Dr. Yosef Burg. The President also received the newly-appointed Minister to Cuba, Dr. Yonatan Prato.

President Ben-Zvi also received yesterday Mr. Moshe Sardinas, M.K., and Messrs. Lazar Cohen, Menahem Baruch, Dario Pardo and Yehuda Adiri, of the Turkish Immigrants' Association.

President Ben-Zvi has sent greetings to the forthcoming convention of the Histadruth Ivrit of America, of which he was one of the founders. Mr. Ben-Zvi received several leaders of the organization who are now touring Israel. His message will be delivered to the convention by the Ambassador to the U.S., Mr. Avraham Harman.

The new Minister of Cuba, Mr. Ricardo Subirana y Lobo, yesterday presented a copy of his letters of credence to the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir.

The Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Pinhas Sapir, met last night at the Acadia Hotel with the President of the Israel Bonds Organization in Europe, Baron Edmond de Rothschild, and M. Francois Pereire for a discussion of general economic developments, as well as of the industrial activities of the Rothschild group.

Professor Rochefort L. Weeks, President of the University of Monrovia, Liberia, and Dr. Shou-Town Tsou, Chairman of the Science Committee, Mancius Educational Foundation, Hong Kong, visited the Hebrew University yesterday and were afterwards entertained to lunch.

A meeting of the Tel Aviv branch of the Israel and British Commonwealth Association will be held at the Z.O.A. House on Thursday, September 1, at 8.30 p.m., when Mr. A. Fenner Brockway, M.P., will deliver an address on "The Future of the British Commonwealth."

Prof. Walter C. Lowdermilk will be guest at a reception tendered in his honour by the Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, on Wednesday, August 31, 5.30 p.m. at the Aeronautical Engineering Building, Technion City. Friends of Professor Lowdermilk are invited.

MEMORIAL SERVICE
MICHAEL SZWIF

Relatives and friends of the late Michael Szwif, Architect and Townplanner, gathered at his tombstone on Har Hamenuhot, Jerusalem, on Sunday, August 28, to commemorate the second anniversary of his passing.

Consumption Of Food Products Up

Fruit marketed in Israel during the first half of this year exceeded by two-thirds the amount sold in the corresponding period of last year, according to the spokesman of the Central Bureau of Statistics in Jerusalem yesterday (Sunday).

Meat consumed rose by a quarter to reach 13,400 tons live weight. Consumption of vegetables rose by a similar amount, and that of eggs and poultry by about 20 per cent. 119 million litres of milk were marketed — an increase of seven per cent.

Altogether the index measuring the organized marketing of agricultural produce rose from 180 points in May 1958 to 242 points in May of this year.

Allowing for the rise in some branches of export, there still remains an augmentation of close to a third in local consumption. Nevertheless, prices showed no signs of sagging, which suggests that increased purchasing power has been devoted to buying food products.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

TUESDAY
All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: El Al 404 from Rome — 1750. El Al 202 from New York and Paris — 1750. T.W.A. 800 from Chicago, New York, Paris, Rome and Athens — 1830. B.E.A. 126 from London, Rome and Athens — 2030. Air France 132 from Paris, Rome and Athens — 2145. El Al 124 from Brussels and Zurich — 2315 (Wednesday).

DEPARTURES: El Al 403 to Rome — 0230. El Al 423 to Zurich and Brussels — 0830. Cyprus Air. 33 to Nicosia, Ankara, Istanbul, Rome and London — 0830. Alitalia 451 to Rome — 0910. Olympic 602 to Athens — 0930. Swissair 225 to Athens and Zurich — 0930. K.L.M. 838 to Munich and Amsterdam — 1100. El Al 205 to Rome, Paris and New York — 1330. Cyprus Air. 67 to Nicosia, Athens, Munich and London — 2210.

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Sat., Sept. 3; Mon., Sept. 5
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Sparkling Operetta
Tomorrow, Wed., Aug. 31
FLEDERMAUS
HAIFA, Armon, Sept. 6
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Plus Ramat Gan, Nova, Haifa.

Sino-Soviet 'Summit' To Review Rift Said Likely

LONDON (UPI). — Diplomatic reports said yesterday that Russia has invited Communist leaders to meet with China's leadership in Moscow this autumn for a summit review of mounting Sino-Russian differences.

The meeting was expected to coincide with the 43rd anniversary celebrations of the Russian revolution in November. But so far there was no indication whether the Peking Communist chiefs have accepted the summons.

Meanwhile, the Soviets were understood to be rallying support for Premier Khrushchev's brand of Communism which the Chinese have been opposing on an increasing scale.

Reports of the Soviet move were reaching here from behind the Iron Curtain, although they have so far not been officially confirmed. The initiative for a top-level Communist conference was said to have come from Mr. Khrushchev who has lately stepped up efforts to force China into line with Moscow's policy of peaceful co-existence.

A personal meeting with China's Mao Tse-tung and Premier Chou En-lai has been contemplated by Mr. Khrushchev lately, diplomatic sources said. Recently he accepted a surprise invitation to North Korea in early October. Communist diplomats hinted that the visit would provide the occasion for a personal get-together with the Chinese leaders either in Korea or in Peking.

Such a preliminary meeting is still considered likely. It might be the first move in Mr. Khrushchev's strategy to realign the shaken Communist conclave in Moscow.

Mr. Khrushchev is understood to be getting fresh support from the satellite nations. In the experts' view, a showdown may become inevitable.

Sumatra Communist Branch Closed Down

JAKARTA (Reuter). — The Indonesian Army has again struck at the powerful Communist Party, closing down the party's south Sumatra branch.

This was announced in a statement from the Commander of South Sumatra, Colonel Harun Sohar, in a broadcast from Radio Palembang. Last week the Communists were banned in South Borneo by the local military authorities.

In both cases Army explanations have linked such action with President Sukarno's recent order for the dissolution of the moderate West-inclined Masjumi and Indonesian Socialist Parties.

GRANT. — The Ford Foundation has announced a grant of $615,000 to the Vietnam Government to finance a project designed to help the country learn how to handle its financial affairs.

Kaganovich Said Living In Moscow, Writing Memoirs

LONDON (AP). — Lazar M. Kaganovich, disgraced and banished from the Kremlin three years ago to an obscure job in the Ural mountains, is now living in peaceful obscurity in Moscow writing his memoirs, according to a prominent British writer.

The 66-year-old former Soviet Deputy Prime Minister lives on a pension in a pleasant apartment building in northwest Moscow, and is often seen travelling by subway to the Lenin Library just outside the Kremlin walls, the report said.

Mr. H. Montgomery Hyde, distinguished British writer and former Member of Parliament, said he learned about Kaganovich's new life from friends in Moscow during a visit last week.

The local station where Kaganovich buys his ticket and waits for the trains is named after the builder of the Moscow subway — none other than Lazar Kaganovich, Mr. Hyde reported.

The one-time Soviet leader, a tall affable man who was Stalin's brother-in-law, was Minister of Railways from 1935 to 1942. He rose to be one of the chief experts on heavy industry in the Kremlin, until he became involved in a dispute with Premier Khrushchev.

Khrushchev fired him from his high Government and Communist Party posts in July 1957, and relegated him to the directorship of a cement factory far from the Russian capital.

"What is significant," Mr. Hyde said, "is that this is one more example of a high Soviet leader who has purged but did not end up with a bullet in his head."

16 Killed in Clashes With Naga Rebels

NEW DELHI (Reuter). — Premier Nehru told the Upper House yesterday that 16 persons had been killed and 25 injured in a series of minor clashes between rebel Naga tribesmen and Indian troops since April.

In a written reply to a question, Mr. Nehru said there had been 43 incidents of sniping, ambushing of convoys, raids on villages and kidnappings in the Naga area of north-east India between April 1 and July 20.

Mr. Nehru said Indian troops captured 15 rebels while the rebels had kidnapped 19 persons.

No Rancour Here, Says Nigerian Minister

"The simplicity of Israel's people, their genuine friendliness, and the lack of class distinction are among the strongest impressions of my visit here," said Dr. S. E. Imoke, Minister of Finance of Eastern Nigeria, who headed the Nigerian delegation to the recent Rehovot science conference, on behalf of the Federal Government.

"There is no bitterness or hatred towards anybody here," Dr. Imoke stressed, recalling a luncheon meeting yesterday with senior Israel Government officials when news of the bomb explosion in Amman came as a shock to all those present. "The way your people talk about their neighbours proves that you don't consider them as enemies; they were definitely not happy about the misfortune which befell the so-called enemy," he added.

The East Nigerian Minister is grateful to the Government and people of Israel for the hospitality that he and his colleagues have received here from everybody, and expressed the hope that the existing friendship between Israel and Nigeria will grow even stronger.

"From what I have seen here in the fields of development, irrigation and industry, I am convinced that we can benefit greatly from Israel's experience by this continued friendship," he added.

At a meeting yesterday with Foreign Minister Golda Meir, Dr. Imoke discussed ways and means of applying the offer of 1,000 scholarships for African and Asian students to Nigeria's special needs.

May Bring Families

He was pleased to hear from Mrs. Meir that these scholarships would be open to both men and women students, and that trainees could also bring their families with them.

With Nigeria's rural population living in long-established villages, cooperative enterprises could be introduced into existing settlements without upsetting their social structure, both Mrs. Meir and Dr. Imoke agreed.

The Nigerian Minister also hopes that his country will be able to make use of other offers of assistance made by the organizers of the Rehovot conference, as well as the Hebrew University, the Technion, the Weizmann Institute, and the Histadrut.

He decided to stay in Israel for another week after the end of the conference, to be able to tour various development projects. His visit to water planning installations, and meetings with the directors of the Water Development Authority, were of particular interest, since Tahal is carrying out a number of important water projects in East Nigeria.



Dr. S. E. Imoke, Finance Minister of Eastern Nigeria, with Finance Minister Eshkol.
Photo: Rubinger

The Israel-Nigerian construction company is also building two new hotels in East Nigeria — one at Enugu, the capital, and the other at Port Harcourt. Each will cost £500,000, to be covered partly by the recently signed Israel-Nigerian credit agreement. In connection with these projects, Dr. Imoke is to meet with Solel Boneh leaders here.

Willing to Help

"Contact with Israelis in Nigeria and here proved that you are hard-working people, and are willing to help in the development of other countries," he said.

Dr. Imoke is a qualified medical practitioner, and his wife is now training as a nursing sister. "I became Minister of Finance because this was what my country wanted me to do most at present," he said.

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, gave a dinner last night at the King David Hotel, Jerusalem, in honour of Dr. Imoke. Among those present were the Minister of Labour, Dr. Giora Josephthal; the Governor of the Bank of Israel, Mr. David Horowitz; the Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, Dr. Haim Yahil, and senior officials of the Ministries of Finance and Foreign Affairs. Dr. Imoke was accompanied by Professor Eyo Ita, Director, West African People's Institute, Mr. J. O. Ibeziako, Secretary to the Minister of Finance; and Mr. Eseburio, of the Government Veterinary Service — all members of the Nigerian delegation to the recent Rehovot conference. *A.R.*

Cables in Brief

TRAPEZE. — Carmen Osaire, beautiful 18-year-old circus trapeze artist who fell 40 feet during a rehearsal in Kingston-upon-Thames, in Britain, died in hospital yesterday. She was spinning by one wrist from a rope high above the sawdust ring when the strap broke and she plunged to the ground.

PROTEST. — The U.N. Command in Korea lodged a protest with the Communists in connection with a sea battle between South and North Korean naval vessels off the Korean west coast last Wednesday. The incident was denied by the Communists.

HOSPITAL. — Chief of State Prince Norodom Sihanouk of Cambodia and Soviet Minister of Health S. V. Kurashov have inaugurated a 200-bed Soviet-built hospital. The hospital, about four miles from Phom Penh, spreads over 25 acres and was built in two and half years at a cost of $12m.

EQUINE. — The Food and Agriculture Organization has announced an emergency allocation from the U.N. Agency's contingency funds to combat spreading outbreaks of African horse sickness in the Middle East and Africa.

Where to go

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—— JERUSALEM ——

• Tours: —
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.
"Alyn" Crippled Children's Hospital, St. Simon, Katamon. (Tel. 2874). Only Israel hospital combining long-term treatment of handicapped with normal education. Tour: Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, 10-12.
Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.
"Alyn" Crippled Children's Hospital, St. Simon, Katamon. (Tel. 2874). Only Israel hospital combining long-term treatment of handicapped with normal education. Tour: Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, 10-12.
Yad Vashem: Martyrs and Heroes Memorial Authority, Har Hazikaron. Conducted tour (English) of the buildings and exhibitions, daily 11 a.m.
• Film Shows: —
Israel films — daily showings. Keren Hayesod Hall, 13-1 p.m.
• Exhibitions: —
Artists House: 1) Paintings by Joseph Dvorkin. 2) Water colours, mosaics and sculpture by Rhoda Lazarus Traub and monotypes and mosaics by Israel Traub. 10-1, 4-7.
Safrai Art Gallery, 37 Jaffa Rd. Tel. 62737. Paintings by Jona Mach, I. Aschheim, E. Raphaeli, Josef Stern, Fima, Dubion, Rakia. Purchases mailed upon request.
"Israel Today" permanent exhibition, Binyanei Haooma, 10-1; 4-6.
Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamalech. Permanent Exhibition of Antiquities from the Neolithic to the Byzantine Periods. Temporary Exhibition: Recent Excavations at Tel Mor, Beit Shean and fort near Yavneh Yam. 9-1, 3-5.
• Bezalel National Museum: — Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. — Archaeological objects. — African Art — from the Collection of Mr. Samuel Dubiner. Plants and Birds. 9-1; 3-6.
Bezalel Art Library: Books on African Art. New acquisitions. 9-1; 3.30-6.
• Zoo: —
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, 8-7.

—— TEL AVIV ——

• Israel National Opera:— "Aida", 8.30.
• Dine and Dance: —
Dolphin Bar, 16 Sholem Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 23072.
• Z.O.A. House:—
Tourist Service, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.
• Tours: —
Moetzet Hapoalot Pioneer Women tour daily from Sunday to Wednesday, 9 a.m. from the Va'ad Hapoel Bldg., 23 Rehov Arlosoroff, Tel. Aviv, Tel. 21211
• Tourist Service :—
Visit Hadassah Club, 30 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel 23239.
Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825, 8 a.m.-2 p.m.
• Zoological Gardens :—
Open 8 a.m.—6 p.m. daily.
• Exhibitions: —
Museum Ha'aretz — closed (re-opening Sept. 1).
• Tel Aviv Museum:—
Dizengoff House: — Paintings by Mordecai Levanon. 120 etchings by Marc Chagall. Selections from Museum collection. 10-1, 4-7. Friday and Saturday 10-1.
Helena Rubinstein Pavilion. Paintings by Avigdor Loulanda. Selected Israel Painters, 10-1, 4-7. Friday 10-1; Sat. 6-10 p.m.

—— HAIFA ——

• Tourist Centre: —
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 23 Hehaluts, Tel. 4976, 67953.
• Exhibitions:—
Textile designs and handwoven textiles, Beth Hakranot, 10-1, 4-7. Admission Free.
Hiroshige and Japanese landscapes. Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Sderot Hanassi, 10-1, 4-7. 3.30 p.m. Films on Japanese Culture.
• Golden Age Club Mount Carmel:—
Reception for Golden-Age Group from Chicago at Rothschild Community Centre, Garden Cafe, 5 p.m.

—— NES-ZIONA ——

• Theatre: —
Ohel: "The Brave Soldier Schweik." 8.30.

Paenson Marc
Contact K. RUTBERG
Ein Hod, Doar Na,
Hof Hacarmel
re: inheritance.

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
August 30, 1960

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court of Civil Appeals

Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justices Witkon and Cohn.

Gavriel Feuchtwanger, Appellant, v. The Tel Aviv Assessing Officer, Respondent (C.A. 82/60).

Wife's Income from Partnership with Husband Not Assessable Separately

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court delivered on January 26, 1960 (in I.T.A. 413/59).

The appellant, Gavriel Feuchtwanger, and his wife are equal partners in a business. He applied to the Tel Aviv Assessing Officer to assess his wife's income tax separately on the strength of section 23(2) of the Income Tax Ordinance, which allows for such separate assessment when the wife has an income from her personal exertions in any business or profession or as remuneration for work. The Assessing Officer refused to do so, maintaining that the wife's income did not come from a source which is independent of the source of her husband's income and that, therefore, she was not entitled, under section 23(2A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, to have her income tax assessed separately from that of her husband.

The Tel Aviv District Court upheld the Assessing Officer's decision, whereupon Mr. Feuchtwanger appealed to the Supreme Court.

Mr. Klimowsky appeared for the appellant, and Mr. A. Levy, Deputy State Attorney, for the respondent.

Judgment

Justice Witkon, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, considered the argument that the source of the appellant's wife's income is not in the partnership itself but in her share in the partnership. It is true, he said, that the legislator had vested partnerships with the status of independent legal bodies, but whatsoever the significance of this may be there is no getting away from the fact that the definition of "partnership" in section 2 of the Partnership Ordinance, 1930, is "the relation which exists between persons carrying on a business in common with a view to profit." In other words, he held, it is the partners who carry on the business and who reap the profits and it is in this spirit that section 52 of the Income Tax Ordinance imposes an obligation on each partner to pay tax on his share of the profits of the partnership (see Cr. A. 199/56, P. D. 11/476 and C.A. 231/53, P.D. 13/1948). No analogy may therefore be drawn — as the appellant had sought to do — between the principles applicable to companies and the position with regard to partnerships.

On the question of whether a wife's income from a partnership may be said to derive from her personal exertions or not, Justice Witkon said that the Supreme Court has already held (in C.A. 282/58 P.D., 13/844) that the income of a wife from a partnership, whether it is derived from her own personal efforts and contribution towards the business or from a mere pro-prietorial share in it, is always "income from her personal exertions."

Turning next to the question of whether the source of a wife's income from a partnership is independent of that of her husband's or not, Justice Witkon considered the arguments of opposing Counsel and concluded that there is no need to go so far, in the present case, as the respondent's counsel sought to go and hold that any connection whatsoever, be it ever so slender, between the wife's source of income and that of her husband's makes the former dependent on the latter within the meaning of the law. For in the case of a partnership, he said, the relationship is very close and the mutual influence very strong. Nor, he continued, is it relevant that a partnership, as in the present case, was not established for the specific purpose of enabling the wife to benefit from the provisions of section 23(2) and have her income assessed separately.

The President concurred and Justice Cohn, in concurring, explained how the Hebrew equivalent of "dependent on" in the original version of section 23(2A) may be construed as meaning "connected with but nevertheless having an independent existence."

Appeal dismissed with IL-150 costs.

Judgment given on July 22, 1960.

IT'S THE LAW



IF you want to install a lift in your Haifa house make sure you have a special permit from the local Town Planning Committee. *(Town Planning By-Law).*

Ghana, UAR Sign Aviation Accord

CAIRO (Reuter). — An aviation agreement between the UAR and Ghana was signed here on Monday by Major-General Mohammed Ibrahim, UAR Minister of State for Military Affairs, and Mr. Krobo Edusei, the Ghana Minister of Transport and Communications.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 266.4, 240 & 220 M.

News: Hebrew; 6.03, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m., 1.30, 8.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.
English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.
6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock. 6.58 Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.
11.00 a.m. "Kol Yisrael" for Child & Youth. 11.30 Popular Concert: Moussorgsky: Turkish March; Grieg: Piano Concerto in A-minor, opus 16; Gliere: Suite No. 1 from "The Red Poppy"; Albeniz: Aragonaise. 12.30 Oriental Songs. 1.00 Lunchtime Music. 1.15 The Week at the U.N. 1.45 Where to Go. 2.30 Close Down.
4.30 Special Foreign Language Programme. 5.05 Programme Announcements on Commercial Wavelength. 5.06 Popular Concert: Rossini: Overture "La Scala di Seta"; Tchaikowsky: "The Tempest," Fantasy; Mendelssohn: Overture "Son and Stranger." 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Hebrew Songs. 6.40 "The World of Science" — weekly ed. by Dr. N. Sharon & Dr. I. Michaeli presented by Y. Targuin. 7.20 Request Programme. 7.50 In light of the Arab Broadcasts. 8.20 Hebrew Songs. 8.50 Bible Reading: Ezra chaps 3 & 4. 9.15 At the Olympics. 9.30 Symfony Concert played by a Chamber Orchestra, conducted by Fernand Obradous. Mozart: Mil-haud. 10.30 Dance Music. 11.10 Olympic journal. 11.30 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
490, 227.7, 420 & 32.5 M.

Commercial Programmes: 5.00 News. 5.05 Opening Announcements. 5.07 Melodies. 5.35 Sports. 5.45 I and the Instrument. 6.00 Weather Forecast. 6.01 New Records. 6.30 The Adventures of Ellery Queen — Sketch. 6.45 Star of the Evening. 7.00 Close Down.
IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Magrabit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News in English. 9.15 Polish. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian. 10.00 "Science Studio." 10.15 "Othello" by Shakespeare with the participation of P. Robson. 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
397 & 41.7 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15, 5.30-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAOLA (32.2 M.): Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 News. 10.25 Commentary. 10.30 From East to West.
Programme to South Africa: 6.45 News. 6.55 Commentary. 7.00 Tune of the Week. 7.05 Easy Hebrew Conversation.
ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 & 235 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Request Programme. 6.35 Songs. 6.55 Readings in the Portion of the Week. 7.00 News. 7.10 "At the Piano." 7.20 Light Music. 8.00 New records. 8.30 "Army's Dairy." 8.45 Music from Films. 9.00 News. 9.15 A Bi-Weekly Magazine. 10.15 Evening Tunes. 10.30 Close Down.
B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.97, 25.25, 19.66 & 16.86 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Comment. Mid-Week Magazine.
MUSIC U.S.A. VOICE OF AMERICA—English Programme: 5.00 and 6.00 a.m. News, U.N. in Action on 25 and 31 M. 7.00 News, Press Opinion USA on 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News, News Analysis, Report to Europe on 31, 41, 49 M. and 238 K. 9.00 and 10.00 News, Press Opinion USA on 13, 19 and 31 M. 2.00 p.m. News, Report to South Asia on 11, 13 and 19 M. 4.00 News, News Analysis, Women and the World on 11, 13, 25 and 31 M. 5.00 News Analysis, Report to Middle East on 19, 25 and 31 M. 6.00 News, Woman and the World on 11, 19, 25, 31 and 41 M. 7.00 News, Report to Middle East on 13, 25 and 31 M. 7.30 Youth Speaks on 13, 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News, Report to Africa on 25 M. 8.30 Forum on 25 M. 9.00 and 10.00 News in Special English, Music USA on 25 M. 11.00 News, News Analysis, Commentator's Digest on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K. 11.30 Forum on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K. 12.00 News, News Analysis, Commentator's Digest on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K.
CYPRUS BROADCASTING CORPORATION — English Programme (434 & 476 M.): News: 7.30 a.m. 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m.
7.45 a.m. The Coca Cola Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Confidence Man. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King, his Piano and Orchestra. 10.30 Ted Heath and his Music. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Pursuit. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 12.15 p.m. "The Name is Khans." 2.30 Satellite Seven: A Science Adventure. 6.45 The Lanitis Programme. 7.15 Counterfeit. 8.00 Strange Last Words. 10.15 Stars of Song. 10.30 My Word.

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SAVYON COUNTRY CLUB 5th ANNIVERSARY BALL
Wednesday evening, September 7, 1960
Tickets for Club members and their friends may be obtained at:
The Savyon Country Club,
Savyon Office, 13 Rehov Ahad Ha'am, Tel Aviv.
Radio Union, 116 Rehov Dizengoff, Tel Aviv.
Tables must be reserved in advance.

CINEMAS

3.30, 7, 9 p.m.

JERUSALEM
EDEN: The Mysterians.
EDISON: La vache et le prisonnier.
HABIMAH: Vesalu vous danser avec moi?
JERUSALEM: Vintage.
OR-GIL: Solomon and Sheba.
ORION: The Mountain Road.
ORNA: Sitting Pretty.
RON: Asphalte.
SEMADAR: The Man in Grey.
STUDIO: Tsarevitch.
TEL OR: The Trials of Oscar Wilde.
ZION HALL: Taharin.

TEL AVIV
ALLENBY: Elephant Walk.
ARMON DAVID: John Paul Jones.
BEN YEHUDA: La Dolce Vita (4.45 & 9.30).
CHEN: The Chaplin Revue. (4, 7.15 & 9.30).
EDEN: Insentyst.
ESTHER: Never So Few.
GAT: Fernandel confident des dames.
HOD: Fiaceri dello aratolo.
MAXIM: Operation Bullshine.
MIGDALOR: Ptel cancia.
MOGRABI: Gidget.
OPHIR: L'Ile au bout du monde
ORION: Valeria.
PARIS: The Lady and The Tramp (3.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30).
PEER: Samson and Delilah.
RAMAT GAN: Tiger Bay.
SINDEROTH: Suddenly Last Summer (7.30 & 9.45).
TAMAR: Chaleurs d'ete.
TCHELET: Imitation General.
TEL AVIV: Viva Zapata! (4, 7.15 & 9.30).
YARON: Cry Terror.
ZAFON: Sapphire.
ZAMIR: Honeymoon.

HAIFA
AMPHITHEATRE: Crack in the Mirror.
ARMON: Tiger Bay.
ATZMON: The Scapegoat.
EN DOR: The Fly (4.45 & 9).
GAL OR: Women of Pitcairn Island.
MAY: Housebeat.
MIRON: Souvenir d'Italie.
MORIAH: Danger Within. (6.45 and 9).
ORAH: Das Wirtshaus im Spessart.
ORION: Stranger at My Door.
ORLY: Les enfants du paradis. (6.45 & 9).
PEER: Last Train from Gun-hill.
TAMAR: Kalla.



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Today's Postbag

The Weather

	A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	38	17—29	18—29
Tiberias	33	24—36	23—36
Haifa Port	44	24—30	24—30
Natanya	35	22—31	22—31
T.A. Kirya	37	22—31	21—31
T.A. Port	71	25—28	25—28
Lydda Airp.	40	20—31	19—31
Jerusalem	38	18—27	19—27
Beersheba	34	16—32	16—33
Eilat	6	34—35	34—38

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Yesterday's Temperature range. C) Today's Temperature forecast.

DEPARTURES

The Swiss Ambassador, M. Emile Bisang, for home, to participate in a conference of Swiss diplomatic representatives (by Swissair).

The Legal Adviser to the Ministry of Defence, Mr. M. Nacht, for Paris, on Ministry business (by El Al).

Mr. Shmuel Kapel, for Athens, accompanied by his wife, to take up his post as Israel's Diplomatic Representative in Greece.

AIR RAID sirens will be tested in the Ra'anana area today. They will sound a continuous note for two minutes; in the event of a real attack, a warbling note will be sounded for three minutes.

Sharett Leaves For S. Africa

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Mr. Moshe Sharett, M.K., left here yesterday for South Africa by El Al airliner. He is to open the South African campaign of the United Jewish Appeal.

Mr. Sharett expects to return home in two weeks' time.

Hodorov Returns Home, Needs Spell of Rest

LYDDA AIRPORT.—Ya'acov Hodorov, Israel's international goalkeeper, returned yesterday from Vienna and told reporters that he feels well, but needs a little rest.

He was hurt last Wednesday while defending the Maccabi Haifa goal against the rival Austria-Vienna team, which last Wednesday trounced the Israelis by a score of 8-2. In the 44th minute of the game, Hodorov collided with one of the Austrian forwards and suffered injuries. He had to spend four days in a Vienna hospital.

Hodorov plans to leave for Cyprus on September 9 with the Hapoel Tel Aviv team, for a series of matches in Nicosia. *(Itim)*

Dr. Ernest Marton Buried in Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV. — The funeral took place here yesterday of Dr. Ernest Marton, publisher and editor of the Hungarian-language daily "Uj Kelet," who died on Sunday evening at the age of 64. The funeral was attended by Knesset Members, members of the Hungarian Immigrants' Association, journalists, and a large number of friends.

The cortege set out from the Hadassah Municipal Hospital to the Yavne Street Synagogue, where eulogies were delivered by Mr. Beri Locker, the Zionist General Council; and by Mr. Moshe Kol, on behalf of the Progressive Party of whose executive Dr. Marton was a member. The editor of "Davar," Mr. Haim Shurer, spoke on behalf of the Journalists' Association.

The procession then went on to the Nahlat Yitzhak Cemetery, where Dr. Marton was laid to rest.

Teachers Seeking Jobs As New Term Opens Thursday

But Too Few Instructors in Outlying Areas

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The new school term opens on Thursday with a new problem—unemployment among teachers. Hundreds have been applying for posts at Ministry of Education offices, the Ministry's Director-General, Mr. Ya'acov Sarid, declared yesterday during a press conference which was recorded for broadcasting. "It is disquieting to start the new school year with such a problem," he added.

Yet, were it not for the 160 women Army teachers who will this year take classes in the southern and northern areas, as part of their period of national service, these districts would be short of instructors, he said.

And despite the Ministry's declared policy this year, too, it has had to engage some unqualified teachers for the outlying areas, because qualified ones, even though unemployed, do not want to leave town. Out of 500 qualified teachers whom the Ministry asked to teach in the south or north, only a small number agreed.

In view of the overall surplus of teachers, the Ministry is now reviewing its training programme. However, more teachers are expected to be engaged after the start of term.

While there are enough teachers — most of them qualified — for the State elementary schools, there is still a shortage — of about 200 — in the State Religious schools.

Elementary Pupils

School will begin on Thursday for 475,000 elementary school and kindergarten children, an increase of 25,000 over last year's figure. This includes 35,000 children in Arab elementary schools, and 5,000 tots in Arab kindergartens.

Afternoon "second shift" lessons have been reduced this year to about 450 classes. Last year's figure was 577, and the year before that it was 789. This has been achieved despite the natural increase in the size of the population and immigration, Mr. Sarid said. The percentage of "second shift" classes in Israel — about four per cent of the total — is among the lowest in the world, and lower than in the U.S., he said. The problem was mainly confined to the big cities, though it hardly existed in Jerusalem. There, the problem was one of dilapidated school buildings, and this matter was now under discussion in the Ministry.

Mr. Sarid said that the Government's recent decision (based on the Guri Report), to provide 150 extra classrooms to help eliminate overcrowding, would be implemented, and probably even surpassed. About 27 per cent of elementary school classes (nearly 3,000) now have 40 or more pupils. Of these, 441 classes have 50 or more. But there are also 4,000 classes — mainly in settlements — with fewer than 30 pupils, and 400 classes with no more than 14. To change this, there is a plan to establish more regional schools.

The number of post-elementary pupils this year has risen to some 73,000 (from nearly 61,000 last year). This includes an increase in the number attending the new two-year schools—2,000 pupils this year compared with 950 last year. The expansion of these schools is the best answer to the problem of continued education for children in development areas, it was said.

Mr. Sarid said that school registration this year had been "most orderly" and free from any disturbances.

As regards developments in teaching methods, the Ministry's Pedagogic Secretariat for primary education, apart from continuing with its experiments in "accelerated" tuition in arithmetic, English, and nature study, is now tackling three other fields: the teaching of French, first-aid, and road safety.

Mr. Sarid said that the Ministry had started preliminary talks with the Treasury on the recent development of local secondary school savings schemes. Such schemes would be left largely in the hands of local authorities, he said.

Vocational Schools

As from Thursday, vocational and agricultural schools will come under the authority of the Ministry of Education. The number of pupils this year in vocational schools has risen by 18 per cent (to 11,400 pupils), while agricultural schools have shown an increase of some 15 per cent (to 6,792 pupils). Another new development will be the opening of the secondary school-cum-hostel in Jerusalem for 80 gifted children from under-privileged families.

The 80 children yesterday completed a fortnight's trial period of English-language study, under the Harvard Graded Direct Method of English Language Instruction, a highly developed audio-visual system. The teacher was Dr. David Weinstein, of Harvard University, who came here especially to conduct the experiment, bringing with him films, projectors, gramophones, and text books.

The Ministry of Education is understood to have been most impressed with the results, and the experiment is to be extended next year.

Speakers at the press conference also included Mr. Y. Shohat, Deputy Director-General; Mr. S. Adiel, Assistant Director-General; and Mr. N. Gavriell, chairman of the Pedagogic Secretariat for primary education.

Keeping Up With the Times

The Ministry of Education is having a hard time keeping up with the changing times.

Ministry spokesmen, asked yesterday about teachers' difficulties in acquiring new editions of text books, declared: "We have no control over events in Africa," adding that the press would be up in arms if "French Congo," for example, were to be found in school books instead of "The Congo Republic." And what, they asked, would be the reaction if references to "mils" or "pruta" were found in arithmetic instead of to "agora"?

Soldier Held For Hit-and-Run Death

BEERSHEBA. — Police in Eilat yesterday afternoon arrested an army driver suspected of having been responsible for a fatal hit-and-run accident on Sunday evening. The accident, in which a 23-year-old soldier, David Schwarzberg, of Kiryat Gat, was killed, occurred in Beersheba.

The arrest was made after an eye-witness gave the police a description of the hit-and-run vehicle.

Tenants' Body Hits Rent Increases

TEL AVIV. — The Tenants' Protection Organization has allied for the outright rejection of the proposed rent increases proposed last week by the Eisenberg Committee.

The question of rents can be solved only by negotiations between landlords and tenants, the organization said in a statement issued Sunday.

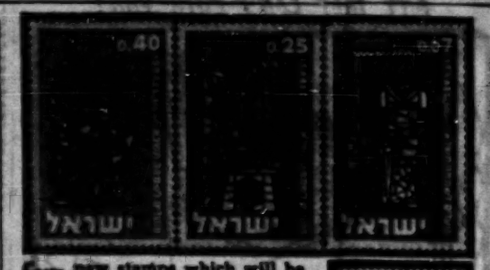
Attachment Order Against Embezzler

TEL AVIV. — An order attaching a plot of land belonging to Ya'acov Sacher, who is serving a four-year sentence for embezzling IL96,000 while he was Chief Accountant of the Finance Ministry's Foreign Loans Division, was issued yesterday by Tel Aviv District Court Judge E. Malhi.

The order was issued after the Attorney-General filed suit against Sacher for the return of the embezzled money. *(Itim)*

JORDAN DATE THIEVES FOILED AT YOTVATA

EILAT. — Jordanian infiltrators who tried to steal dates from the groves of Yotvata last night were driven off when they were fired on by members of the settlement. *(Itim)*



Four new stamps which will be issued tomorrow—a single commemorative and a set of three—are pictured here. The set consists of stamps of 7, 25, and 40 agora denominations, depicting, respectively, Kings Saul, David and Solomon. It marks the coming Holiday season, and each stamp bears the inscription, "Mo'adim L'simcha 5721."

The single stamp, of 25 agora denomination, commemorates the 100th anniversary of the birth of Dr. Benyamin Ze'ev Herzl.

The new issues will be on sale at the office of the Philatelic Service and at all post offices.

Minister Promises Phones For All on Waiting List

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Minister of Posts, Mr. B. Mintz, promised yesterday to provide telephones for all of the 18,000 would-be subscribers now on the waiting list. The Minister pointed out, however, that Tel Aviv residents may have to wait up to three years, though Jerusalem and Haifa applicants should receive their phones within a year.

Mr. Mintz, who was speaking at a press conference at Beit Sokolow, said that three new exchanges will be opened in the main cities within the coming week.

The Jerusalem and Tel Aviv exchanges will add an immediate 3,500 lines each, and the Haifa exchange, 1,000. These exchanges will eventually be able to handle up to 10,000 lines each.

New exchanges are also planned for the Emek, Galilee, and Judean areas. Mr. Mintz expressed the hope that direct dialling in these areas will be in operation by next year.

The Post Office estimates that a total of 40,000 telephones will have to be installed during the next three-year period. At present the number of subscribers is 57,000.

The radio-telephone system to Eilat via Beersheba, and to Sdom and Ein Gedi, will also be improved.

Mr. Mintz disclosed that Post Office engineers intend to use the Moab Mountains on the other side of the Dead Sea, as a reflector, to beam back transmissions to the Sdom and Ein Gedi area.

New Branch Offices

Other projects of the Ministry include the opening of 11 new branch offices, the improvement of the Mobile Post Office Service, and the expansion of the overseas radio-telephone links, including a new telex service to London.

Mr. Mintz said that he had appointed a special committee to study the problem of "Sabbath desecration," as far as it affects his Ministry. He added that he intended to do away with all such instances, apart from services essential to the saving of human life.

A/M Shmuel Eyal New Nahal Commander



(Photo: Bamahaneh)

TEL AVIV. — Aluf-Mishne Shmuel Eyal has been appointed commanding officer of Nahal, it was announced here yesterday. He graduated from a Hagana officers' training course in 1944, and in the following year completed a company commander's course — the most advanced training available at the time.

A/M Eyal later became a full-time Hagana staff member, serving during the War of Liberation as a battalion commander in the Givati brigade. His various assignments included the command of anti-aircraft defence.

Born in Russia in 1922, A/M Eyal came to this country the following year. He lives in of Rishon-Lezion, is married, and has two children.

Girl, 6, Dies After Fall from Roof

AFULA. — A six-year-old girl from Kfar Reineh, near, Nazareth, was fatally injured on Monday morning when she fell from the roof of her home.

The girl, Samira G'iyaria, was taken to hospital in Nazareth, where she later died.

BEDUIN GIRL DIES OF SCORPION BITE

BEERSHEBA.—A four-year-old Beduin girl who was bitten by a scorpion five days ago, died on Sunday night in the Beersheba Hospital.

The girl, Sara Rabibi Mahmud, of Tel Arad, west of Massada, was brought to the hospital in a state of severe shock, and was kept alive for five days by artificial respiration.

Contraband Found In Haifa Port

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Customs police, aboard a cutter, last night stopped a boat in Haifa port and discovered a cargo of 50 alarm clocks and six electric shavers, valued together at IL2,000.

The goods belong to two seamen from the m.s. Tamar who were allegedly trying to smuggle them ashore. The men were detained.

TOMBSTONES in the Safed cemetery over the graves of seven former I.Z.L. members who were executed by the Mandatory authorities, were yesterday found to have been desecrated.

Recognition Urged For Tel Aviv University

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A public commission, headed by Mr. Moshe Sharett, M.K., has recommended that the University of Tel Aviv be officially recognized as an independent institution of higher learning.

The commission, whose report Mr. Sharett presented to the press yesterday, was appointed by Mayor Mordecai Namir last February to enquire into the University's status. The other members were the former Mayor of Tel Aviv, Councillor Haim Levanon, and the Director-General of the Jewish Agency, Dr. Moshe Avidor. It was hoped that the Council on Higher Education would act favourably on their recommendation.

(The Council is to meet today under the chairmaiship of the Minister of Education, Mr. Abba Eban, to discuss the recommendations of the subcommittee that studied the question of whether to recognize the Tel Aviv and Bar Ilan Universities as institutions of higher learning.)

Mayor Namir explained that the status of the Tel Aviv branch of the Hebrew University would have to be reviewed. The branch, which comprises Faculties of Law and Social Sciences, should eventually be integrated into the University of Tel Aviv, according to the commission's report.

Government Aid

The report expresses the hope that the Government will see fit to increase its financial aid to the University. At present the Municipality provides most of its budget.

The veteran academic institutions will have to come to the aid of the Tel Aviv University, it was stressed.

The commission recommended the establishment of an institute for refresher courses in medicine within the Tel Aviv University. This followed a proposal by members of the Israel Medical Association that such facilities be made available to local physicians and trainees from Afro-Asian countries.

A branch of the Haifa Technion should operate within the Tel Aviv University framework and provide two-year courses in technology. This would include the present activities of the Haifa Technion in Tel Aviv, as well as studies in such subjects as interior decorating.

Rabbinate Poll Committee Declared Legally Valid Body

By MACABEE DEAN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Chief Rabbinate Elections Committee, as now constituted, is a legal body. This was the majority decision of the High Court yesterday morning, which annulled the two orders it had previously granted to test the Committee's legality. Justices Witkon and Cohn concurred in separate opinions, with Justice Silberg, who presided, dissenting.

The Court decided, however, to sit with five members to review its own decision, as requested by Mr. Arnold Spaer, acting on behalf of Rabbi Hugi-Aboudi. The latter had asked the Court to uphold the Chief Rabbinate's dismissal of one of its representatives from the Committee and the resignation of the other three Rabbinate-appointed representatives.

The chamber was packed 20 minutes before the Court was due to convene at 11 a.m. By the time the three Justices entered at 11.25 a.m. the spectators had overflowed into the witness box. Justice Silberg ordered the chamber door to be locked to prevent anyone else from forcing his way in.

Justice Silberg, in his opening remarks, expressed regret at the "sordid atmosphere surrounding the Chief Rabbinate elections, which had led to the requests for the court orders." He also regretted that the "anachronistic" Mandatory regulations, which "breed intrigues and political jockeying for position," had not been amended.

Legal Problem

He then outlined the background of the legal problem before the Court.

The Minister for Religious Affairs, Rabbi Toledano, appointed his four representatives to the eight-man Elections Committee which chooses 42 members of the 70-member Electoral College. Chief Rabbi Nissim appointed the remaining four.

When Rabbi Toledano asked the full Committee to convene, Chief Rabbi Nissim took offence at not being asked to extend the invitation jointly with Rabbi Toledano. Chief Rabbi Nissim thereupon ordered his four representatives to boycott the meeting.

One of the latter, Rabbi Amram Aburabia, however, joined forces with Rabbi Toledano's four representatives, thus giving Rabbi Toledano a majority in the Election Committee. Rabbi Nissim then dismissed Rabbi Aburabia, and appointed another rabbi in his place. Subsequently, Rabbi Nissim accepted the tendered resignation of his three other representatives, thus paralyzing the work of the Committee.

Justice Silberg declared that Rabbi Toledano had had the right to convene the Committee unilaterally.

The High Court had the following three questions to decide:

1) Was Rabbi Aburabia's dismissal legal?

2) Was the resignation of the other three Chief Rabbinate representatives legal?

3) Was the Elections Committee legal with only five members?

Justice Silberg ruled that Rabbi Aburabia's dismissal was illegal, on the grounds that once appointed to such a post, his connection with the appointing body was dissolved. And the man appointed "must perform his duty as his conscience dictates, without accepting outside guidance." Otherwise — if the appointee still felt himself bound to the appointing body — chaos could result and the validity of the elections could be placed in jeopardy.

As to the second question, Justice Silberg found that the three representatives were free to resign.

On the third question, Justice Silberg quoted legal precedents indicating that the committee could not act unless it had a full complement of eight members.

He said that while the Chief Rabbinate could refuse to fill the vacancies, such an act "could only be termed sabotage."

Resignation Legal

Justice Witkon concurred that Rabbi Aburabia could not be dismissed and that the resignation of the three other representatives was legal. And, he added, if the three delegates resigned of their own free will — as they had — the resulting rump committee was perfectly free to continue to act as a full committee.

"Our accepting any other interpretation," Justice Witkon said, "would lead to a minority being able to dictate to a majority."

Justice Cohn agreed that Rabbi Aburabia's dismissal was invalid.

He differed with his colleagues, however, on the second issue. Although Chief Rabbi Nissim appointed four delegates, Justice Cohn said, he had no right to accept the resignation of any of them. Only the Elections Committee itself could do this. The three delegates who submitted their resignations were, therefore, still members of the Committee, and the problem of a rump committee thus did not exist at all.

The action of the three men in tendering their resignation was, Justice Cohen said, an attempt to sabotage the Committee.

Maimon to Convene Meeting This Week

Rabbi Yehuda Leib Maimon, Chairman of the Chief Rabbinate Elections Committee, announced last night that, following the High Court's decision, he would convene the Committee this week.

It was learned from Committee circles that Rabbi Maimon remains firm in his decision to hold the elections for the two Chief Rabbis as scheduled.

If the Chief Rabbinate did not send its representatives to the meeting, he would request it to do so, so that the elections "could be held in a manner befitting the exalted position of the Chief Rabbinate."

Mr. A. Spaer, the lawyer, last night told *The Jerusalem Post* that if Rabbi Maimon convenes the Committee, "we will have to consider asking the courts for an order restraining the Committee from meeting, pending the re-hearing."

Circles close to the Chief Rabbinate last night termed Rabbi Maimon's statement as "strange and surprising."

The fact that the High Court gave three separate decisions and took "an unprecedented step" in deciding to review its own decision before a panel of five Justices, "should have obligated the Elections Committee — from the moral viewpoint, at least — to defer any further action," it was said.

INDUSTRY FINANCE and COMMERCE

Knesset Body Airs New Levies

The Finance Committee of the Knesset met yesterday to discuss the recently announced levies on consumer goods. The Finance Minister, Mr. Levi Eshkol, explained the factors which led to the imposition of the new taxes.

The committee will continue its discussions at forthcoming meetings.

The committee yesterday also approved legislation calling for a third issue of the Development Loan consisting of a bond issue totalling IL5 million.

The bonds will carry an annual interest of 6 per cent approximately. They will be linked to the Consumer Price Index.

Ministers Leave After Attending Rehovot Parley

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Two Ministers, as well as a number of scholars and officials from Africa and East Asia, left yesterday after attending the Rehovot Conference on Science in the Advancement of New States.

One of the departing delegates, the Minister of Education of Singapore, Mr. Yong Nyuk Lin, said: "The Rehovot declaration is more important than the Marshall Plan. It was a marvellous idea to organize the conference, which was most successful."

Mr. Yong toured the country and visited scientific institutions and development projects. He was seen off by Education Minister Abba Eban.

Also departing yesterday were: the Minister of Technical Education of the Ivory Coast and Mrs. Alcide Kacou; the Rector of the University of Teheran, Prof. Ali Asghar Azad, and four other Iranian scientists; the Dean of the Faculty of Exact Sciences at the University of Buenos Aires, Prof. Rolando Garcia; the Director-General of the Infants' Welfare Institution in the Congo, M. Francois Silaut; and three delegates from Mali. *(Itim)*

Tel Aviv Stock Market

AUGUST 29, 1960

$ LINKED	
3½% Tavel Dollar	91½
3½% Emudei Dollar	87½
4½% Defence Loan	100
6% Housing Loan II	97½
4½% Housing Loan II	97½
6½% Pal. Elect. 57/64	103½
5% National Oil Co.	99
6½% Local Authorities	101½
6% Keren Hayesod III	97½
6% Fert. and Chemicals	95½
C.O.L. LINKED	
4½% Defence Loan	101½
4½% Housing Loan "A"	99½
6½% Pal. Elect. 57/64	113½
6½% Local Authorities	104
6% Keren Hayesod III	103½
5½% C.O.L. LINKED	
6% Indust. Dev. Bank	94½
5% Pal. Elect.	89½
6% Bank Leumi Invest.	96½
ORD. AND PREF. SHARES	
Pal. Elect. Stock	87½
4½% Pal. Elect. 2nd Pref. Stock	94½
Bank Leumi "A" Ord. Stock	303½
Gen. Mortgage Bank (new bearer)	255
Bank Leumi Invest.	190
Rassco Pref.	175½
Housing Mortgage Bank	130
Ellern Investment	309½
Africa Pal. Investments b)	264
I.L.D.C. (new bearer)	294½
Ata Textiles	248
Moller Textiles	176½
Assia & Bejarano Bros.	180
Pal. Potash	240
Dead Sea Founder	184
Teva	293
Pal. Cold Storage	323
Paper Mills	297
Alliance	237 65
Delek	299
Delek 11/12	247
Jordan Exploration	117
C.E.R.B.	
Lapidoth	82
Nashta	148

B: Buyers only. E: ex Div/Coupon

TODAYS TENDENCY

Dollar Bonds — Irregular
Index Bonds — Dull
Ord. Shares — Very Firm

AS REPORTED BY

UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD
Your Investment Advisers

Traces of Oil At Negba 3

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Oil-bearing sand strata have been discovered at a Lapidot company concession in the Negba area. It was reported here yesterday. Sample cores removed from Negba 3 on Sunday afternoon disclosed a two-foot layer of oil-saturated sand, Mr. Zvi Alexander, of the Lapidot management, told *The Jerusalem Post* here yesterday.

He termed the discovery "highly significant," adding that it might indicate the presence of a new oil field, since the Negba strata do not appear to be connected with the adjoining Helata field.

Stem Tests

Negba 3 is some 800 metres southwest of Kibbutz Negba, and five kilometres northeast of the Helata field. The core was taken from depths of from 5,233 feet to 5,273 feet. Subsequent stem tests taken yesterday from a depth of 4,800 feet also brought up oil traces.

The discovery does not appear to be commercially exploitable at present. But Lapidot geologists have already pinpointed sites for further drillings in the area which are expected to provide a final evaluation of the find.

Two earlier drillings in the Negba area were abandoned by the company as being "dry."

Ata Shares For Veteran Employees

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Fifty Ata textile company shares, worth at present over IL20,000, were awarded on Saturday to 25 veteran workers who have completed 25 years of service with the firm. The awards marked the 25th anniversary of the founding of the enterprise.

Farm Instructors Here for Seminar

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Five agricultural instructors from Ubangi-Shari and Gabon arrived early yesterday to take part in a Histadrut seminar on agricultural development, opening on September 4 in Tel Aviv. The seminar will be conducted in French.

They were met at Lydda Airport by representatives of the Histadrut.

פעה
מס הכנסה

Exemption of Convalescence Grants from Income Tax

The Income Tax Commissioner has approved an increase in the amount of convalescence grants exempt from payment of income tax from IL85 to IL95, for the current 1960 income tax year.

This exemption is granted on convalescence grants which employees receive from their employers in addition to their regular pay, provided employees produce an account testifying that they have spent some time at a rest home or a similar place.

In case employers participate in convalescence expenses to the extent of any amount exceeding IL95, the remaining amount should be added to the normal pay of employees for income tax purposes, and income tax is then to be deducted as required by law.

The Income Tax Commission

We share in the deep grief of
Uj Kelet House and of the bereaved family
on the passing of the great Zionist and gifted journalist
ERNEST MARTON
Daily Newspaper Publishers Association

The Executive of
The World Zionist Organization
and the Presidium
of the Zionist General Council
deeply mourn the death of
the Zionist leader
Dr. Ernest Marton
Member of the Presidium of the Zionist General Council

We wish to extend our heartiest congratulations
to Mr. and Mrs. DOV SCHOENFELD
on the marriage of their daughter
NIZZA to AZRIEL
Management of
Sanlacol Ltd.,
Haifa.

Paul Kohn, Tel Aviv — Hannah Moschytz, Zurich
announce their
MARRIAGE
Today, August 30, 1960, in Zurich.

Tel Aviv-Yafo Municipality 1956 By-Law (Street Paving)

Notice in Compliance with Article 13

PAVING OF NEW SIDEWALKS

All owners of houses and lots whose properties are included in the following list of blocks and lots for Municipal Property Tax purposes are hereby informed that on May 22, 1960, the Municipal Council decided to complete sidewalk paving in front of the following houses and lots:

1. Rehov Yehuda Maccabi, Block 6212, Lots: 1123, 853, 854, 985, 866, 867, 778, 781, 516, 251, 252, 253, 255, 274, 275, 277, 718, 720, 721, 745, 754, 755, 824, 771, 775, 1222, 1223; and Block 6106, Lots: 60, 62, 42, 43.

2. Rehov Hagolan, Block 6336, (temporary) Lots: 270, 271, 272, 269, 268, 267, 266; and Block 6638, (temporary) Lots: 266, 265, 264, 263, 262, 261, 260, 259, 258, 257, 256, 196, 195, 194, 193, 192, 191, 190, 189, 493, 188, 187, 186, 185, 184, 183, 182, 181, 180.

Mordecai Namir
MAYOR

GIVE GENEROUSLY

to the
SOLDIERS WELFARE FUND
1960 תשכ"א
Contributions accepted at all offices of the Soldiers Welfare Committee (Va'ad Lemaan Hahayal).
Each gift valued IL1.80.

The Philatelic Service announces the following issues:
● Festival Stamps 5721-1960 ● Memorial Stamp Herzl Centenary
on August 31, 1960
For the convenience of the public the sales office at 2 Rehov Pinsker, Tel Aviv, will remain open on Wednesday afternoons from 4-6 p.m. in addition to the usual hours.

Paris Letter — *By Maurice Carr*

Inside Story of Anti-Gaullist Mutiny

Newly-Published Best-Seller Reveals Details of Algerian Uprising

WHEN the anti-Gaullist mutiny in Algiers was at its peak, last January, Marshal Juin called on President de Gaulle at the Elysée Palace in Paris to deliver an ultimatum. He, Juin, France's highest-ranking soldier, would openly proclaim his sympathy with the insurgent European settlers if the Government tried to shoot it out with them.

On hearing this threat, de Gaulle covered his face with his hands. What was he to do? If he promised not to use force against the settlers, then he would have to capitulate to all their demands, which was unthinkable. On the other hand, if he refused to knuckle under, then the chances were that — at a signal from the field marshal's baton wielded by Juin — the French army commanders who supported the insurrection would launch their long-planned *coup d'état*.

At last, de Gaulle spoke — about old age and imminent death. Then suddenly, albeit undramatically, he said to Juin: "No, I will not yield to the mob!"

That, at any rate, is the way things happened as recorded in "*Barricades et colonels*" (Librairie Arthème Fayard, Paris, 446 pp.), a newly-published best-seller which purports to "tell all" about the January mutiny. The authors — there are no less than four of them, Merry and Serge Bromberger, Georgette Elgey and J. F. Chauvel — are reputable journalists, who after witnessing and reporting on the crisis, interviewed the *personae dramatis* for information of what had gone on behind the scenes. The protagonists were, apparently, quite willing to unburden themselves of their secrets. In detail, the book probably contains inaccuracies. In general outline, its veracity is beyond doubt; for one thing, only the truth could be so fantastic, and then again none of the public figures blackened in its scandal-packed pages has dared — so far — to bring a libel suit.

'Ultras' Conspire

Here, now, in brief are the principal revelations, which no student of the French scene can afford to ignore.

After September 16 last, on which date de Gaulle pronounced himself in favour of self-determination for Algeria, the *ultras* — those who champion the *Algérie française* policy — got down to conspiring against him in real earnest.

It should be borne in mind that the *ultras* who clamour for a Frenchified Algeria, in fact aspire to Algerianize France. As they see it, the only way in which they can avoid the decolonization of Algeria, is for them, the Algerian *ultras*, to take over, to colonize metropolitan France.

No sooner was de Gaulle in office than he proceeded to cut Algiers down to size. He disbanded the insurgent Public Safety Committees, and he recalled the dissident generals, whom he was obliged, however, to "kick upstairs." Transferred to key positions in Paris and elsewhere, they could the more easily organize a *putsch*. De Gaulle knew this, but reckoned that away from the maddening atmosphere of Algeria they would sober up, recover their sense of discipline. Actually, they indulged in awesome brinkmanship, but always at the last moment drew away from the edge of the abyss.

Plan of Revolt

They planned a number of *pirtz*, which turned out to be abortive. The most formidable one was set for April, 1960, when de Gaulle was due to visit the United States. The *ultras* decided to stage a major revolution while he was away. In Algeria, with the complicity of the army, there would be an uprising among the civilian European settlers reinforced by the 125,000 uniformed, well-armed Home Guards. Two million Moslems would also be made to demonstrate for *Algérie Française*.

In Paris, the Mayor Devraigne and *ultra* politicians led by former Prime Minister Georges Bidault would campaign vigorously for the insurgents. On a Sunday, while Parisian motorists were out enjoying the spring air in the surrounding countryside, mutinous troops and tens of thousands of Poujadists and other Fascists, including peasants from distant provinces, would march on the capital, seize all public buildings, kill off listed "undesirables," and by the time the weekend excursionists were allowed to re-enter the city, in the small hours, they would discover that they were citizens of the Sixth Republic.

The carefully laid scheme of the *ultras*, however, went awry. They revolted, not in April, but in January and, after some initial triumphs, took a thorough trouncing.

Stooped in Fascism

Contrary to the impression conveyed by newspaper reports at the time, the anti-Gaullist mutiny in Algiers last January was not just tainted with, but thoroughly steeped in, Fascism. This is made clear by the full evidence offered in "*Barricades et colonels*."

Fascist flags with the Celtic cross — the crucifix-within-a-circle emblem of the French neo-Nazi movement, Jeune Nation — fluttered over the redoubt established in the centre of Algiers by the insurgent European settlers. Fascist slogans blared forth non-stop from loudspeakers. And Fascist atrocities were committed — on the very first day.

The victims on that day were loyalist French police. They tried to rush the redoubt; but failed, after being left in the lurch by paratrooper units that ignored orders to join in the operation. Moved down by machine-guns, the gendarmes, who had used only tear-gas for the attack, retreated, leaving behind more than a hundred casualties.

A gendarmerie officer, Lt. Ejarque, before breathing his last, murmured: "For two years I was fighting the *fellaghas* (Moslem rebels). I'm dying, murdered by people who shout '*Algérie française*.' I don't understand."

Incomprehension, which is of the essence of most tragedies, abounds in Algeria. Emotionalism blinds protagonists and even onlookers to the stark fundamentals, which may be summed up thus:

First, the European minority as well as the Moslem majority in Algeria have legitimate, if not easily reconciled rights.

Secondly, each community is dominated by its extremists, who in their different ways are racialists, Fascists.

Thirdly, while the Algerian Moslems take their Fascism ready-made from Nasser's Egypt, the Algerians of European stock have concocted their own Fascist poison which they strive very hard to inject into the democratic bloodstream of metropolitan France.

De Gaulle's epic task is to overcome the two opposed Fascisms in Algeria, in order to bring about a compromise settlement, a humane *modus vivendi*. To this end, he employs manoeuvres that baffle the uninitiated. Among those who were unable to make head or tails of it all was Gen. Massu, commander of the Algiers area. Though a stout Gaullist of long standing, he yet became infected with the *Algérie française* fever (to which wiser men than he, by the way, have succumbed) and, stupidly, he sparked off the January uprising.

It will be remembered that, as a result of subversive statements he made to a German journalist, Massu was withdrawn from Algiers, whereupon the European settlers revolted in protest. What the *ultras* overlook is that there was absolutely no intention on the part of the Government to sack Massu. He was called to Paris for no other purpose than to disavow the press interview and to reaffirm his loyalty to de Gaulle. Had Massu complied, he would have been sent back to Algiers; but he quibbled and, bemused as he was by the *ultras*' flattery of him, he wanted to bluster de Gaulle into acceptance of the *Algérie française* concept. Poor Massu had come to believe that he was de Gaulle's intellectual superior. He, Massu, would explain the Algerian situation to the President of the Republic. For once, de Gaulle lost his temper, and banged his fist down on the table so hard, that he smashed his wristwatch.

With Massu sacked and the Algerians *colons* all in a dither — most of them were convinced that they were going to be "sold down the river" by de Gaulle — there now comes to the front of the stage a certain Ortiz, Algiers café proprietor, white slave trafficker, police informer and Fascist leader all in one.

Pricking the Abscess

Already on February 6, 1958, this Ortiz had — with a ton of rotten tomatoes — deflected the course of history. He and his mobsters pelted the then Prime Minister, Guy Mollet, with the fruity ammunition in Algiers, with the result that the Paris Government radically modified its Algerian policy.

Thereafter Ortiz came into prominence as a "counter-terrorist." It was he who organized the lynching of Moslems and operated secret torture chambers where, for the most part, French liberals were done to death. Always he enjoyed magic immunity with the authorities, who never molested him, even under the Fifth Republic. The possible explanation is that he was considered invaluable as a police informer, whereas if he was eliminated as a Fascist gangster there would be no lack of understudies to take his place. Be that as it may, the *ultras* now claim that Ortiz was manipulated into launching the January uprising by Gaullists who reckoned that this was the most propitious time to prick and drain the Fascist abscess.

In the event, the abscess very nearly proved the undoing of France. The Algiers garrison fraternized demonstratively with the insurgents. The military commanders one and all refused to storm the rebel redoubt. The army, and many politicians who had hitherto been Gaullists, brought seemingly irresistible pressure to bear on de Gaulle, so that he should join in the insurgents' cry of "*Algérie française!*"

De Gaulle saw defeat staring him in the face, but he would not yield. He would not even advance the date of a television address which he was due to give in accordance with a programme that had been fixed weeks before.

De Gaulle Rallied Nation

Meanwhile, in the agonizing days when nothing seemed to be happening, the people — as distinct from the politicians — of France were rallying behind de Gaulle. It became clear that the French nation, which had not raised a finger to save the Fourth Republic, was prepared to wage civil war in defence of the Fifth Republic. In Algiers, moreover, attempts made by the army to bring Moslem demonstrators out of the Casbah to shout "*Algérie française!*" were an utter fiasco.

Finally, de Gaulle, wearing his general's uniform, appeared on the television screens of France and Algeria. He cracked the whip, verbally. The army abandoned its dissidence. The insurgents capitulated. Ortiz vanished, no one knows whither. Order was restored.

What of the future? It will remain precarious so long as the Algerian problem is unresolved and so long as French liberals and Left-wingers are incapable of uniting their forces to fill the gap which one day, "by the nature of things," to use a Gaullist expression, de Gaulle must leave.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS:

U.S. Elections and Israel

Ha'aretz (non-party) analyses and compares the statements on the Middle East made by Vice-President Nixon and Senator Kennedy, which it believes, show that the Jewish voters in the U.S. are of some importance. "In the last analysis," the paper says, "there is a considerable similarity between the two statements." While relying on the friendship of the American people towards the State of Israel, the paper recalls that this friendship has frequently failed to find adequate expression, as the result of complications in Washington's practical policies. "We hope that any American administration, no matter which party is in control will understand the value and importance of Israel, and act accordingly," the paper sums up. "In the meantime—and so long as the election campaign continues — we should do well to take note of every declaration, but not to build upon it an edifice of exaggerated hopes. It would also be wise to perceive the reservations attached to the promises, and not to ignore the expressions of an abstract idealism which does not rest on a realistic view of Middle East problems."

Hazofe (National Religious) reviews the steps to be taken to implement the conclusions of the Rehovot Conference. "Israel, which took the initiative and acted as host, has on her part given an instructive and stimulating example of practising what it preaches, by being the first to offer friendly aid to the backward countries, to an extent that is perhaps beyond her modest powers, as a small, young state," the paper says.

Davar (Histadrut) criticizes the report of the Eisenberg Committee on rents, and **Haboker** (General Zionist) criticizes Mapai for its expressed opposition to the Eisenberg Committee's recommendations.

Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) objects to the support of indirect taxation expressed by Mr. Ariely, Deputy Director of State Revenue.

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) criticizes the decision to allocate land in the Jerusalem hills to a private farm instead of to the agricultural settlements in the area.

PITY THEY CAN'T BOTH WIN!



Both U.S. presidential candidates promise help and support for Israel. By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

'Third' Parties Add Zest To U.S. Elections

By WALTER MONFRIED

MILWAUKEE (NANA). — WHILE the Democrats and Republicans carry on the U.S. Presidential campaign, sideshows will again be offered by the "Third" parties. ("Third" parties may be fourth, fifth, sixth or more.)

These small minority factions add zest and, sometimes, humour to politics. Some of them may be oddballs or exhibitionists or devout fanatics, but in an era of conformity they are welcome.

Henry Krajewski, the Socaucus (N.J.) pig grower who can never resist an election campaign, is again in the field for the poor man's party and his slogan, as usual, is "all politicians are crooks."

Clennon King, an Alabama pastor, is striving for the presidency under the banner of the newly formed Afro-American Unity Party, which he asserts is the first organized Negro political party in the U.S.

The scholarly Darlington Hoopes will be on no ballot this year because the Socialist party has decided not to enter the contest. Hoopes has succeeded Norman Thomas as the Socialists' regular entrant. Nor is it likely that T. Coleman Andrews, a former income tax collector, will repeat his 1956 campaign against the income tax.

But chances are that Farrell Dobbs will again carry the standard of the Socialist-Worker (Trotskyite) party, which is Communist but anti-Kremlin; and that Eric Hass will run for the Socialist-Labour faction, a nonrevolutionary one.

Prohibition Party

The Prohibition Party is the oldest of the "Third" organizations. It was founded in 1869 and has opposed, with courage and dignity, every successful candidate from General Grant to General Eisenhower.

In the 1956 election its champion was Dr. Enoch Arden Holtwick, a 75-year-old retired teacher of history at Greenville (Ill.) College.

"I have no illusions about winning," he said, "but I hope to impress upon as many persons as possible our party's creed that liquor is the nation's greatest evil."

Professor Holtwick's running mate last time was Brig. Gen. Herbert Hoidridge (retired), a West Point graduate. The handsome soldier withdrew from the race some weeks before the polling. Previously he had sought the Presidency for the Vegetarian Party and also the Pacifist Party. "In the White House I would get such a good vegetarian cook that people would wonder why they ever ate anything else," he declared.

The Anti-Masonic Party frightened thousands of masons out of their lodges before subsiding in the 1830's. The Know-Nothings (formally the Native American party) were patriotic fanatics opposed to Catholics and Irish immigrants.

Third or minor parties have wielded mighty influence in the present century. In 1912, Theodore Roosevelt split the Republican Party with his Progressive Party that insured Wilson's election. Four years later there occurred a crucially close race. With returns in from all states but one, Hughes, the Republican candidate, seemed assured of victory. But California, last to report, went for Wilson by only 3,000 votes — with 70,000 votes going to minor parties.

Harry Truman's victory in 1948 was achieved over powerful third and fourth party opposition. The States Rights (Dixiecrat) candidate won four ordinary Democratic states, and Henry Wallace's 500,000 Progressive votes in New York State were responsible for Truman's loss there. The Truman election, therefore, constituted the most remarkable of upsets.

MARGINAL COMMENT

NASSER AND MOSCOW

By Nissim Rejwan

HOW does President Nasser fare with the Communists and with the Soviet Union these days? Since the spring of last year, when the suppression of the Shawwaf revolt in Mosul gave rise to a verbal exchange between Nasser and Khrushchev, in which the former was branded "an impulsive young man," Cairo and Moscow have managed to effect a very peaceful kind of co-existence. Cairo continued to receive financial and military aid from the Communist bloc, while attacks on Nasser's regime decrying its lack of democratic practices appeared in obscure Communist periodicals from time to time. But in the past few weeks this relationship began to acquire a more positive aspect, with increasing numbers of Egyptian and Syrian official missions visiting Moscow and a kind of community of interest established between the two sides concerning the latest developments in the Congo and in Africa generally. In this connection, Sunday's newspapers carried three items which seem to add up to a significant turn in the relations between Communism and Nasserism.

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THE FIRST of these concerns the signing of an agreement in Moscow on further Soviet assistance to Egypt to complete the High Dam at Aswan. The Soviet Union, which had already supplied a loan of 400m. roubles to finance the completion of the first stage of the the dam, has now agreed to grant Cairo a further 900m. roubles (about £75m.) in credits to pay for blueprints and equipment required for the second stage of the dam's construction. There is, of course, nothing startling about this announcement, since Moscow had agreed early this year to finance the second stage. At that time, however, it was estimated that the credits needed would not far exceed those granted for the first stage. The generosity with which the final estimates were made in Moscow last week therefore looks a bit suspicious.

★

THE SECOND item seems, at first sight, to have more to do with the alleged ideological split between Moscow and Peking than with the former's relations with President Nasser. "Pravda" published an article by a Soviet expert on Asian affairs in which "dogmatists and sectarians" were severely criticised for belittling new national liberation movements in Asia and Africa that do not fit into "usual sociological schemes" and for looking down on anti-imperialist movements led by non-proletarian elements. The writer also argued that, although the new states are led by bourgeois political leaders marching under the nationalist flag, this does not diminish "the progressive historical importance of the breakthrough achieved on the imperialist front."

★

LAST, but by no means least, there is the news item datelined Nazareth, reporting that Mr. Emil Habibi, the Israel Arab Communist leader, on Saturday lauded Nasser's "forthright stand on questions of peace and disarmament." Mr. Habibi has lately returned from Moscow, which he visited after attending the Bucharest conference of the world's Communist Parties. Since his return, it has been rumoured that he carried with him "new instructions," direct from the horse's mouth, concerning the latest Communist attitude to Nasserism. When the Communists last Thursday night announced a mass meeting to express "unity and solidarity with the democratic forces in Israel, the struggling Arab peoples and the renascent peoples of Asia and Africa," keen Nazareth observers guessed that the Communists were going to announce a new line on Nasser. They recalled that, shortly after the Bucharest conference, Mr. Tawfiq Toubi, the Communist M.K., called a private meeting in which he told Nazareth party members that his party "erred when it said Nasser was appeasing imperialism." Nasser, he added, is "a stubborn fighter against imperialism," notwithstanding his anti-Communist policies at home.

★

IS there a new Party line on Nasser? Mr. Habibi on Saturday refrained from saying so in so many words. Irked by last week's "leak," however, he contented himself with denying the report that he carried new instructions from Moscow; yet he did not dispute that part of the report which spoke of a new line on Nasserism. On the contrary: he gave clear hints that there was such a line. He referred to the generous aid given by Moscow to the United Arab Republic "and all countries fighting foreign rule;" he also spoke in defence of Arab unity, saying that the movement was "a part of the anti-imperialist war." In this context, Habibi gave his blessing to the meeting held last week between the UAR and the Iraqi Foreign Ministers in Shtura. This was the most revealing of his remarks: if anything, Kassem's regime was lately becoming as objectionable in Communist eyes as that of Nasser, and Hashem Jawad, his Foreign Minister, is known as a stubborn enemy of the Communists (his name was found in a list of those whom the Communists planned to liquidate on July 14 last year!).

★

ONE would say that this constitutes a new line, and not be at all surprised if Mr. Habibi actually brings some brand new instructions from Moscow and Bucharest.

Tel Aviv, August 30.

Readers' Letters

YAD VASHEM

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In your article of August 19, entitled "Modest City Goes Promotional," the following item attracted my attention. "Jerusalem has enough places of interest to keep the most valiant visitor foot-sore for a week."

It is regrettable indeed that Yad Vashem is not more easily accessible to visitors because of the lack of direct connections from the city.

I was engaged in some research work in the past month and it necessitated daily trips to Yad Vashem. The long walk uphill to the bus line on the main road made it a real hardship. En route, I had the opportunity of speaking with many tourists who had the same complaint.

How is it possible that in the capital of Israel, an Institute of such major interest and importance cannot be provided with a more comfortable permanent bus service? It seems inconceivable that the public should be asked to provide itself with a taxi service to Yad Vashem. Does the situation not warrant more cooperation on the part of the management of the bus line? Yours, etc.,

SARA FEINSTEIN

(New York), August 21.

TNUVA AND EILAT

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In his letter in your issue of August 21, V.V., in pointing out the high cost of living in Eilat, maintains that Tnuva has "threatened" that inhabitants of Eilat will not get its produce if they don't also take rotten items.

We wish to state that such a situation has never existed and there is no truth in your correspondent's allegations.

Tnuva has, almost from the first day of Eilat's existence, made the greatest efforts possible to supply the inhabitants of Eilat with produce of a quality similar to that supplied to all other cities, despite the great difficulties Tnuva encountered in organizing the supply of produce to Eilat.

Yours, etc.,

M. HOFSTETTER

Secretary Tnuva

Tel Aviv, August 21.

LEARNING ENGLISH

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I have just completed a study of 1,117 compositions (English) written by students of the 11th and 12th grades of 25 secondary schools in various parts of the country, with the aim of listing the special and/or typical difficulties encountered by Hebrew-speaking learners of English. All the errors found in these compositions have been noted and classified under three main headings: 1) spelling; 2) grammar and syntax; 3) usage and idiom.

The result is a substantial amount of classified material that can be most helpful in planning a syllabus and preparing textbooks for our secondary schools. I shall be glad to hear from experienced teachers of English who may be interested in making use of this material.

My address is: Kvutzat Kineret, Emek Hayarden.

Yours, etc.

I. M. ELKANA

Kvutzat Kineret, August 19.

BELILIUS LEGACY

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I read with great interest Mr. Dean's article on the Case of the Belilius Legacy, in your issue of August 18.

I should like to add that the Council of the Sephradi Community and of the Belilius Legacy were judged *in absentia* since members of the Council believed that the rabbinical court appointed by Chief Rabbi Nissim would be prejudiced.

Yours, etc.

YOSEF OPLATKA

Secretary, Council of the Sephardi Community

Jerusalem, August 21.

AT THE CINEMA

Boring Film

The Mountain Road (Orion, Jerusalem) appears to be Columbia Pictures' reply to "The Bridge on the River Kwai" and "Inn of the Sixth Happiness." Unfortunately, it cannot compete with either of these two films and the reply would have been better left unsaid.

James Stewart plays a U.S. major in charge of a demolition squad in Eastern China in 1944. His youthful charm has worn thin with the passing of time and is not adequate to make the audience concentrate on the pale and boring story. Even his grief at the tragic death of his driver, done to death by the famished crowds he was trying to feed, does not ring true, nor his relations with the young widow of the Chinese general.

It is not often that this reviewer would rather see a picture in Technicolour than in black and white but this was one film which might have gained something from colour photography.

Our boredom with the film was broken only by the irritation caused by the fleas which seemed to concentrate on the row in which we were sitting. Cinema-owners should be forced by law to disinfect their premises in between showings, particularly in the summer months. *F. D.*

Double Identity

IN **The Scapegoat** (Atzmon, Haifa) we again visit Dapne du Maurier's country where large houses and aristocratic families are not what they seem. This is a story of double identity which by strange paths gives a man who has lost interest in life a new zest for living. Although unacquainted with the original novel, I have a feeling that some of the mystery has been smoothed out to afford full rein to the acting of Alec Guinness who takes the dual role of villain and hero. How was the hero to be framed with the murder if he was provided with an alibi? Was the sister out for revenge? Was not the purpose of the hero's bandaged hand a means of differentiating him from the culprit? The film becomes then a straight story which turns on Guinness' excellently competent performance, expressing the same suavity in the two parts but subtly separating them by nuances of manner. We follow "The Scapegoat" in order to see how he will take each hurdle more than we await the successive hurdles.

Bette Davis plays the old Countess, an easy one for her, not an important part of the film, but still executed with the old Bette Davis authoritativeness. Quite entertaining in its way. *H.*

Gripping Thriller

"Tiger Bay" (Armon, Haifa) is a very satisfactory and gripping thriller and, considering that it was made for an audience which was being shown the exoticism in its midst, it is perhaps interesting to analyse the reasons for its success among other audiences.

The chief causes are undoubtedly the development of a plot based on the eternal curiosity over a crime passionnel, and, in cinema, the equally perennial attraction of a very talented and human child actress, this time Hailey Mills; on her the entire film pivots.

The coloured residents of the Tiger Bay district live their daily lives, celebrating a normal wedding and a Calypso is only heard later in the distance; the Venezuelan skipper is telling the truth about his position outside territorial limits and the engaging Polish hero-murderer, (Horst Buchola) we safely presume, will be found guilty in extenuating circumstances. It is the humanity of the film which counts, which furnishes the humour and which is spread so wide as to embrace all. *H.*

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